







We present below the results of the national study about the impact of the pandemic in the youth of Argentina.

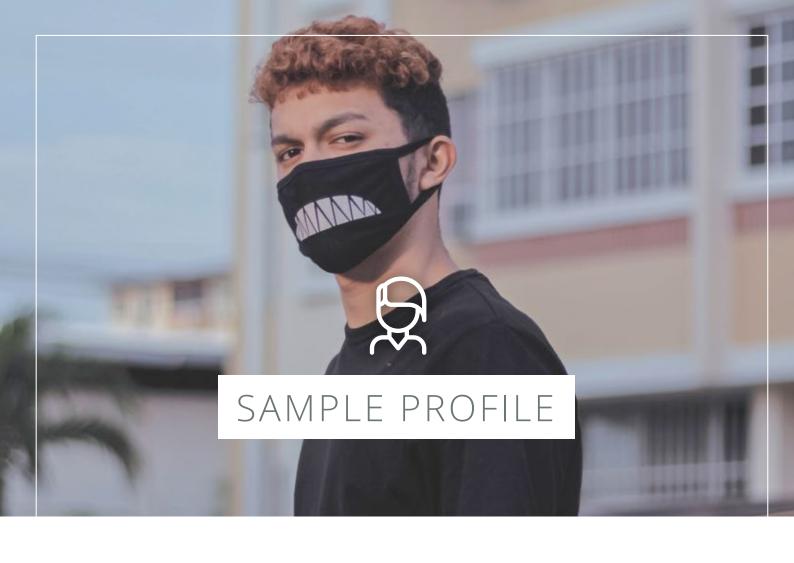
### The study was approached from the following dimensions:

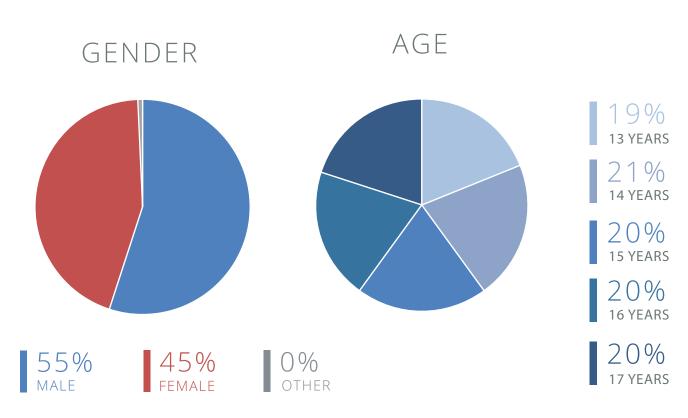
- 1 Education of young people
- **2** COVID-19
- **3** Emotional well-being
- 4 Interpersonal relationships

Moreover, the results were analyzed according with the main sociodemographic variables (gender, age, socioeconomic status, and region within the country).

This survey is the last one of the series of research done by the Humanitarian Observatory of the Argentine Red Cross during 2021.



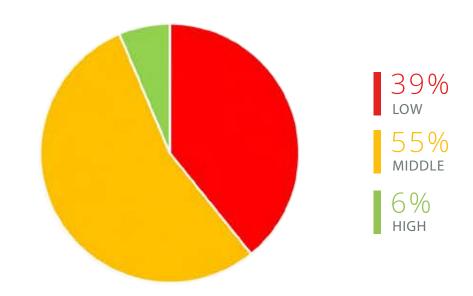








### SOCIOECONOMIC STATUS



### RESIDENCE AREA

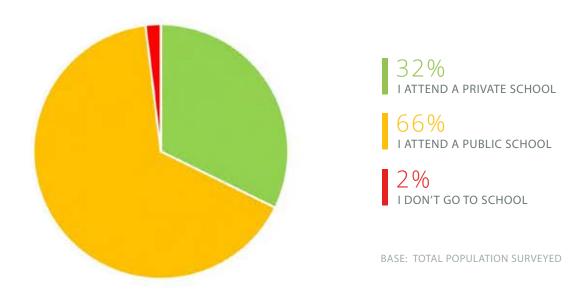
RESIDENCE AREA	%
AMBA	39%
Center	30%
Cuyo	8%
NEA	11%
NOA	9%
Patagonia	2%





### TYPE OF SCHOOL AND ATTENDANCE

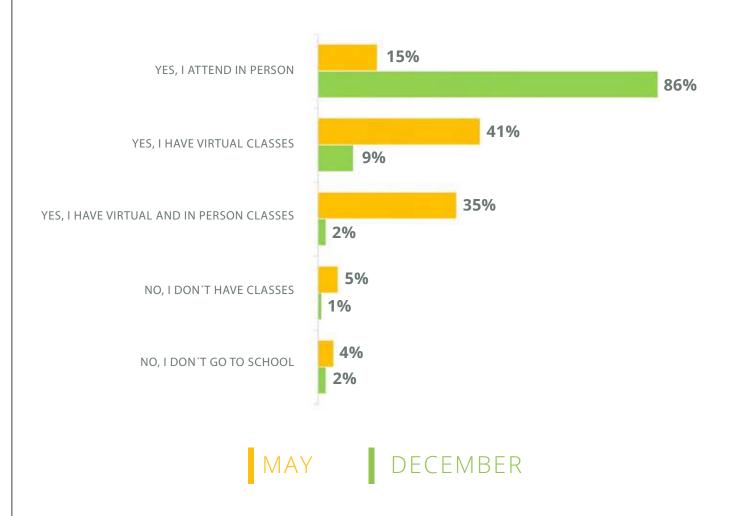
■ Which of the following phrases better suits your schooling situation?







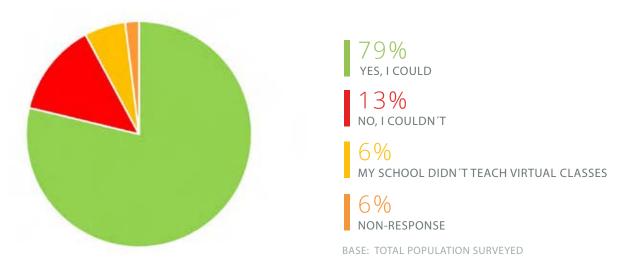
Do you currently attend school? May and December 2021



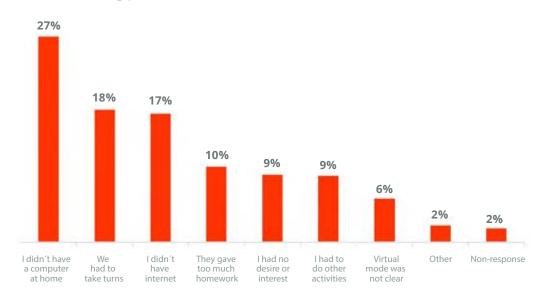


# SCHOOL ATTENDANCE DURING 2020 AND THE BEGINNING OF 2021

During the 2020 there were no in person classes and at the beginning of the 2021 neither. During this whole period, if you had virtual classes, where you able to attend?



■ For which of the following reasons were you unable to attend virtual classes?



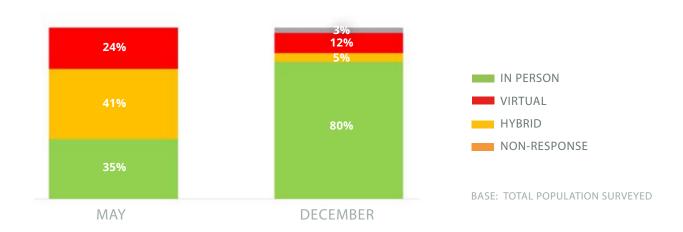
BASE: POPULATION SURVEYED THAT INDICATED THAT WERE NOT ABLE TO ATTEND VIRTUAL CLASSES.



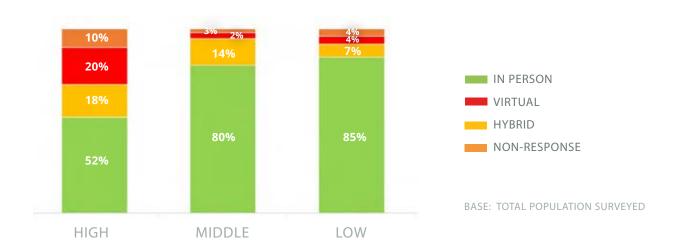


### PREFERED EDUCATION MODE

■ How would you like to attend to classes?



According to the socioeconomic status



### MAIN LEARNING PROBLEMS

■ Do you feel identified to any of these options?

	December
Math is hard for me	26%
Is hard for me to focus and pay attention	14%
Reading/writing is hard for me	10%
Is hard for me to complete tasks or I don't understand the instructions	7%
I have a physical problem	5%
I have no prospect of finding a job if I finish school	4%
I don't have any vocational orientation	3%
I don't fell interested or motivated to go to school	2%
I don't feel related to any of the options	26%
Non-response	3%

BASE: TOTAL POPULATION SURVEYED

## ECONOMIC PROBLEMS THAT AFFECT SCHOOL ATTENDANCE

■ Do you feel identified to any of these options?

	December
There is low income at home	9%
I don't have the financial means to get to school	3%
My parents are unemployed	1%
It is hard for me because I work	1%
I don't have the financial means to get the resources	1%
There are no financial problems that affect my attendance	74%
Non-response	11%





# FAMILY PROBLEMS THAT AFFECT SCHOOL ATTENDANCE

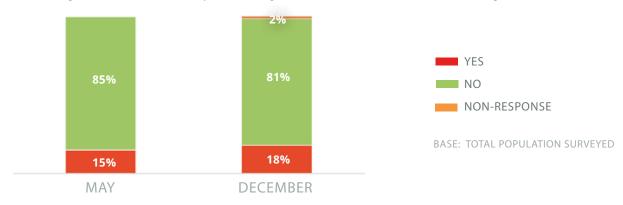
■ Does any of the following family problems affect your attendance to school?

	December
Access problems (distance, travelling time, etc.)	4%
My family is not supportive	3%
Illnesses or addiction problems within the family	1%
I am the caretaker of a family member	1%
Domestic violence	1%
I am a parent and there is no one to take care of my child	1%
There are no family problems that affect my attendance to school	81%
Non-response	8%



## JÓVENES QUE REPITIERON YOUNG PEOPLE THAT REPEATED A SCHOOL YEAREL AÑO

■ Did you had to repeat a year or missed to many classes?

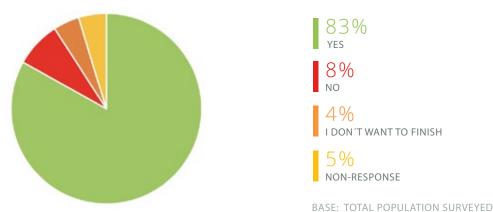


■ Did you had to repeat a year or missed to many classes? By age and status

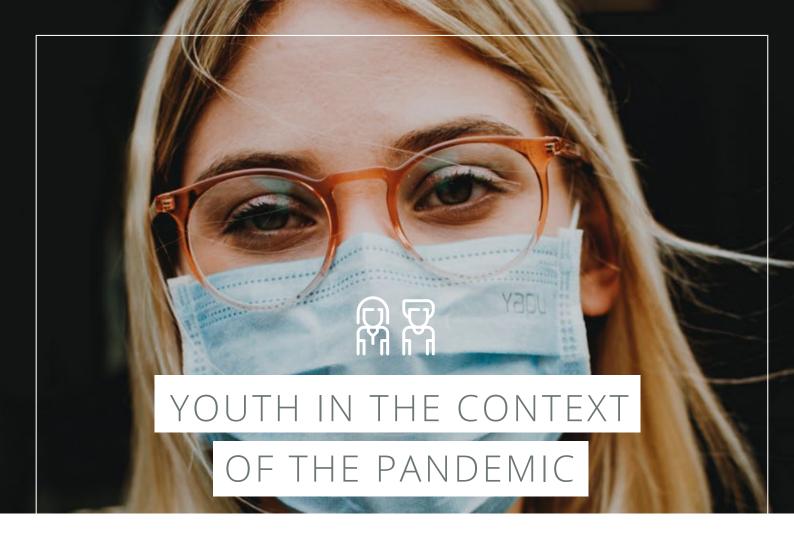
Repeated a school year			Status					
	13	14	15	16	17	High	Middle	Low
Yes	15%	12%	7%	24%	30%	13%	15%	22%
No	83%	88%	91%	76%	66%	87%	83%	76%

BASE: POPULATION SURVEYED THAT INDICATED THAT REPEATED A SCHOOL YEAR

Once you finish school, would you like to go to university?

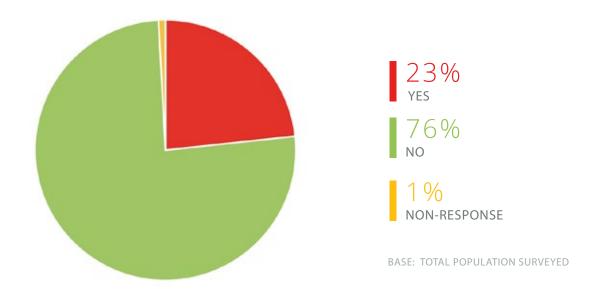






## YOUNG PEOPLE WHO HAD THE DISEASE

■ Did you have Coronavirus?

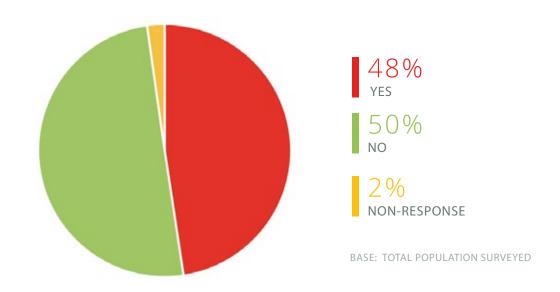




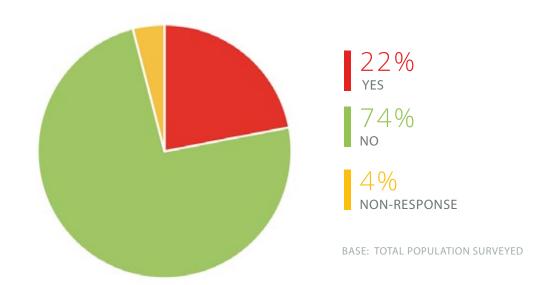
## AR YOUTH IN THE CONTEXT OF THE PANDEMIC

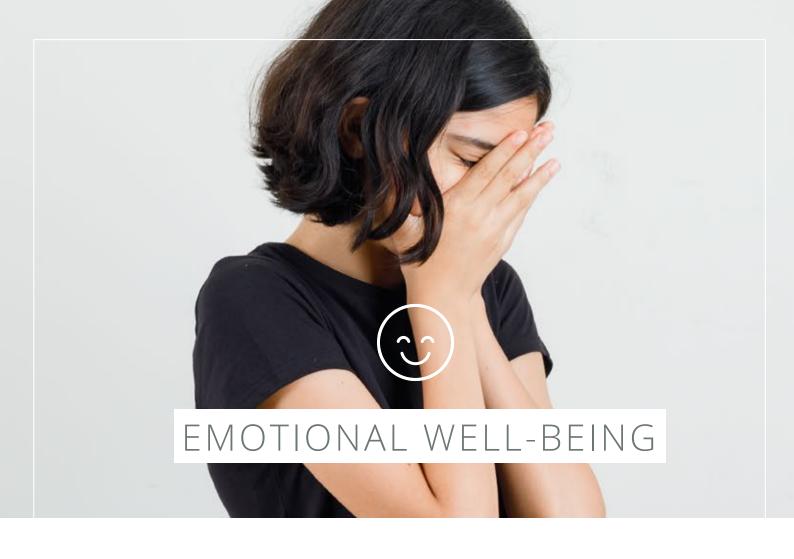
### FAMILY MEMBERS WHO HAD CORONAVIRUS

■ Has any family member living at home had coronavirus?



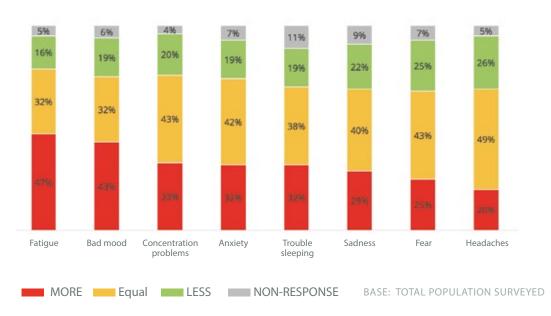
■ Has any close family member (mother, father, brother, sister, grand parent, cousin, aunt, or uncle) died of Coronavirus?





# THE IMPACT OF THE PANDEMIC IN THE EMOTIONAL WELL-BEING

• For each of the following topics, please indicate if you suffer them more, equal to or less than before the start of the pandemic.







# THE IMPACT OF THE PANDEMIC IN THE EMOTIONAL WELLBEING

■ For each of the following topics, please indicate if you suffer them more, the same or less than before the beginning of the pandemic, by gender and socioeconomic status.

Perception	Levels	Male	Female	High socioeconomic status	Middle socioeconomic status	Low socioeconomic status
	More	23%	42%	67%	31%	27%
Anxiety	Equal	45%	40%	24%	47%	38%
1	Less	22%	15%_	4%	17%	25%
	More	17%	40%	27%	29%	28%
Sadness	Equal	43%	39%	56%	40%	37%
	Less	24%	17%	13%	23%	21%
	More	21%	30%	25%	26%	23%
Fear	Equal	45%	42%	60%	44%	40%
	Less	23%	24%	11%	24%	29%
	More	26%	41%	47%	37%	25%
Concentration problems	Equal	43%	43%	41%	41%	45%
	Less	23%	14%	8%	17%	25%
Headaches	More	13%	28%	19%	23%	15%
	Equal	54%	46%	55%	50%	48%
	Less	27%	22%	22%	23%	30%
	More	37%	50%	40%	48%	36%
Bad mood	Equal	29%	36%	44%	34%	27%
	Less	23%	11%	13%	16%	23%
	More	41%	52%	53%	50%	41%
Fatigue	Equal	28%	36%	37%	35%	27%
	Less	21%	10%	6%	13%	22%
	More	26%	38%	35%	35%	27%
Trouble	Equal	36%	41%	29%	43%	33%
sleeping	Less	19%	18%	32%	15%	22%





■ For each of the following topics, please indicate if you suffer them more, the same or less than before the beginning of the pandemic, by gender and socioeconomic status

		Had Co	vid-19	Family mem	ber with Covid-1
Perception	Levels	Yes	No	Yes	No
	More	39%	30%	40%	31%
Anxiety	Equal	36%	44%	41%	43%
	Less	21%	19%	14%	20%
	More	32%	27%	39%	27%
Sadness	Equal	31%	43%	31%	43%
	Less	31%	19%	18%	21%
_	More	29%	24%	24%	25%
Fear	Equal	43%	43%	40%	45%
	Less	26%	25%	33%	22%
Concentration problems	More	39%	31%	41%	32%
	Equal	41%	44%	43%	44%
	Less	18%	21%	14%	20%
	More	23%	19%	25%	19%
Headaches	Equal	45%	51%	47%	50%
	Less	30%	25%	27%	25%
	More	52%	41%	50%	43%
Bad mood	Equal	33%	31%	23%	35%
	Less	14%	20%	21%	18%
	More	57%	43%	49%	48%
Fatigue	Equal	28%	33%	37%	32%
	Less	14%	17%	14%	16%
Trouble	More	42%	29%	37%	31%
sleeping	Equal	40%	37%	31%	42%
sicching	Less	16%	20%	21%	18%

BASE: TOTAL POPULATION SURVEYED

An indicator was created that allows identifying the percentage of respondents who observed that, at least one emotional aspect, worsened since the pandemic.

53%

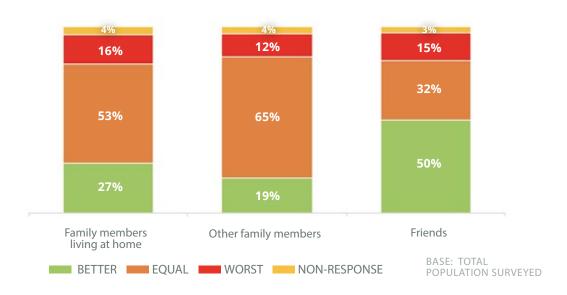
of the young people indicates that his/her emotional well-being worsen since de beginning of the pandemic. This is a group of the surveyed population that pointed out that suffers more in, at least one, of the aspects consulted.

	Gender				Had Covid-19		Family member with Covid-19		
	Male	Female	High	Middle	Low	Yes	No	Yes	No
Suffered some emotional impact	41%	67%	75%	55%	47%	62%	51%	55%	52%



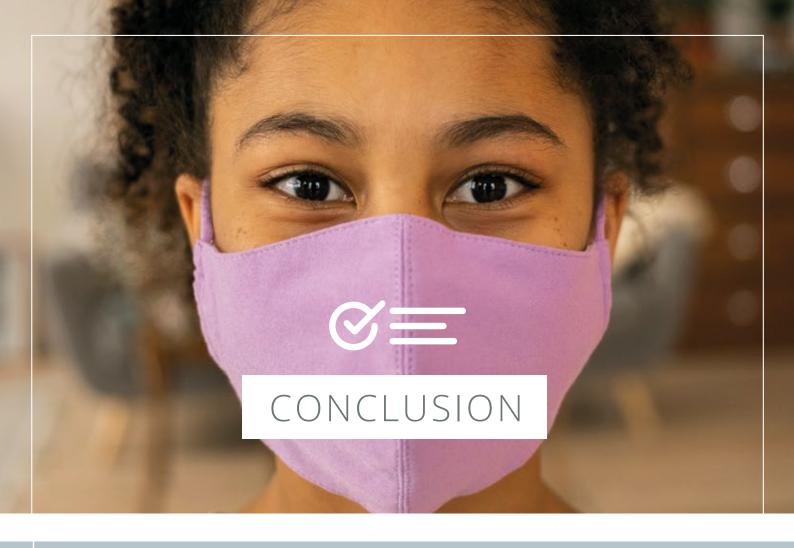
### RETROSPECTIVE EVALUATION OF SOCIAL RELATIONS

Since the pandemic started. How would you evaluate your relationship with...?



Since the pandemic started. How would you evaluate your relationship with...? By socioeconomic status:

Interpersonal relationships	Levels	High socioeconomic Status	Middle socioeconomic Status	Low socioeconomic Status
Family	Better	34%	29%	24%
Family members iving at home	Equal	36%	51%	59%
	Worst	28%	16%	14%
Other	Better	40%	20%	14%
family	E <u>q</u> ual	50%	64%	68%
members	Worst	7%	12%	13%
	Better	45%	50%	49%
Friends	E <u>q</u> ual	16%	32%	33%
	Worst	37%	15%	13%



- **1 13% of the population surveyed** indicated that was unable to assist to classes when these were on virtual mode. The main reasons for this were not having a computer, having to take turns with other family members to use the computer or not having internet at home.
- **2 83% of the young people** indicates that want to go to university once they finish school. The **remaining 17%** do not want to finish high school, or keep studying, or they have not decided yet.



- 3 53% of young people indicate that his/her emotional well-being worsen since the beginning of the pandemic. This group points out that suffers more that before the beginning of the pandemic from at least one of the problems consulted (anxiety, sadness, fear, concentration problems, headaches, bad mood, fatigue, or trouble sleeping). Women and high socioeconomic status young people are the most affected.
- **4 Fatigue and bad mood** are the two emotional aspects that affected more the young people since the beginning of the pandemic.







### **Studied population:**

Young people from 13 to 17 years.



### Type of survey:

Face to face



### Methodology:

Random sampling in areas where the Argentine Red Cross has presence. The study had the support of Scouts of Argentina.



### Sample characteristics:

The field operation was deployed in 15 provinces across the country.



#### **Number of surveys:**

789 cases.



## +/- Statistical error:

Statistical error is not calculated because it is not a probabilistic sample. As an informative data, a probabilistic sample with this number of surveys has a +/-3.6% margin of error for a trust level of 95%.



#### Date of the field operation:

From November 26th to December 12th.





### REASERCH ABOUT

## YOUTH

IN THE CONTEXT OF THE PANDEMIC













